

- ૪ ટૂંક નોંધ લખો : (ગમે તે ત્રણ) ૧૫
- (૧) ભારતમાં ગૃહવિજ્ઞાન શિક્ષણનો ઇતિહાસ
 - (૨) ગૃહવિજ્ઞાન વિસ્તરણ શિક્ષણમાં નાટકોનું મહત્ત્વ
 - (૩) સંકલિત ગ્રામ વિકાસ યોજના
 - (૪) ગૃહવિજ્ઞાન વિસ્તરણ શિક્ષણનું તત્ત્વજ્ઞાન
 - (૫) ચર્ચા પદ્ધતિના પ્રકાર
 - (૬) ગૃહવિજ્ઞાન વિસ્તરણ શિક્ષણની લાક્ષણિકતાઓ.

ENGLISH VERSION

Instruction : As per the instruction No. 1 of page No. 1.

- 1 Give short answers to the following questions : 10
- (i) Clarify the meaning of informal education.
 - (ii) Mention names of main areas of Home-science.
 - (iii) Give full name of ICDS.
 - (iv) Mention any two advantages of audio aids.
 - (v) Mention types of practical method.

- 2 Give information of philosophy of Home-science education. 10
Discuss in detail its educational scope.

OR

- 2 Give detailed information about workshop method and 10
report method in Home-science education.

- 3 Give classification of audio-visual aids. Give detailed 10
information of visual aids.

OR

- 3 Discuss in detail about Applied Nutrition Programme. 10

- 4 Write short notes : (any **three**) 15

- (i) History of Home-science education in India.
- (ii) Importance of plays in Home-science extension education.
- (iii) Integrated Rural Development Programme.
- (iv) Philosophy of Home science extension education.
- (v) Types of discussion method.
- (vi) Characteristics of Home-science extension education.